

Aleny Couto and Alda Govo, MoH, Mozambique

DSD beyond HIV treatment – case studies from family planning

Integrating family planning into Mozambique's 6MMD ART and PrEP DSD models





DSD for HIV treatment in Mozambique 2023

2023

Active on ART*: 1,718,936

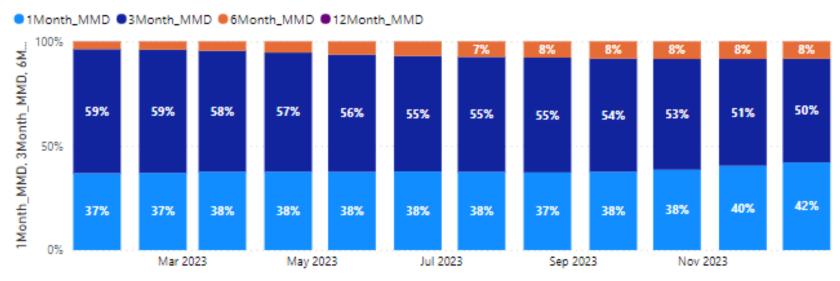
3MMD: 1,015,318

• 6MMD: 302,464

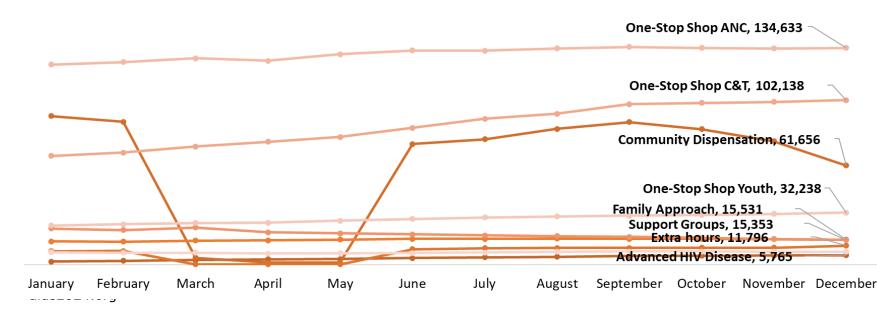
• 1YMD: 1,076

*AJUDA Sites (85% of National Active on ART)

Multi-Month Drug Distribution Among all Patients

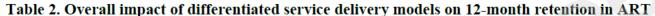


Differenciated Service Delivery Models in Mozambique, 2023

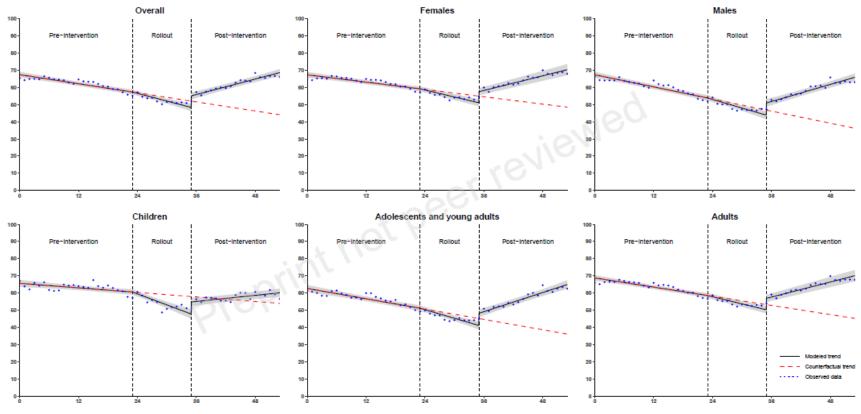




Overview of DSD impact in Mozambique



	Estimated modeled 12-month retention	Estimated counterfactual retention	Overall impact of the DSDMs on 12-month retention	
	by the end of the study period	by the end of the study period*		
	% (95% CI)	% (95% CI)	% (95% CI)	
Overall	68·6 (66·6 to 70·6)	44·0 (40·8 to 47·3)	24·5 (21·1 to 28·0)	



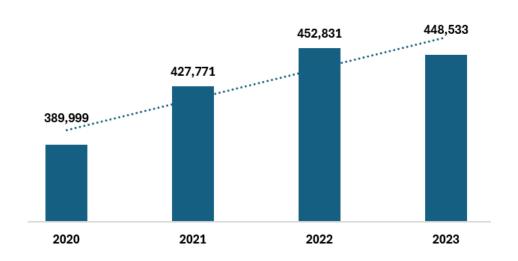
- Compared 12-month retention in ART before (2017-Nov 2019) and after (Dec 2019-Jun 2021) implementation of the DSD models
- 613 facilities and 1,094,430 clients who started ART during the study period
- Increase of 24-5 (95% CI, 21-1 to 28-0) percentage points in retention at 12 months
- Smallest impact was observed in children (6·1%; 95% CI, 1·3% to 10·9%) and the largest in males (29·7%; 95% CI, 25·6% to 33·7%).

Dorlim et al (2024) The Impact of Differentiated Service Delivery Models on 12-Month Retention in HIV Treatment in Mozambique: An Interrupted Time Series Analysis: Lancet pre-print

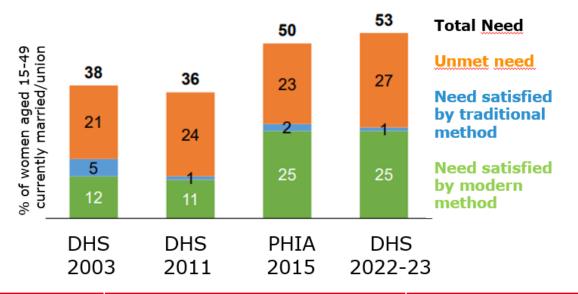


Family planning landscape

teenage pregnancy (10-19 age)



Trends in the use, need and demand for family planning



Global Fertility Rate (15-49): 3.9 DHS 2022

2023	Injections		Implants			Oral/Pills	
	DMPA-IM	DMPA-SC	IUD	Jadelle	Others	Microgynon	Microlut
Q1	847,005	579,107	21,523	77,754	24,321	388,523	290,657
Q2	772,178	366,966	24,689	73,959	32,916	509,544	317,815
Q3	726,939	491,701	24,266	79,946	32,583	567,121	351,869
Q4	634,727	679,274	23,717	79,846	32,664	690,259	378,942
Total	2,980,849	2,117,048	94,195	311,505	122,484	2,155,447	1,339,283
%	56%		6%			38%	



Family planning policy

METHOD	S	IUD	Implant	IM injectable	Oral pill	Sub-cut self- injectable	
WHEN Service frequency	Clinical review	Annual	Annual	Quarterly	3-6 monthly	3-9 monthly	
	Script length			3 monthly	3-6 monthly	3-9 monthly	
	MMD			1 unit	3 up to 6- monthly	3 units (9-months)	
WHERE Service location	In facility/ In Community/ Both	Facility	Facility: FP services				
			Community outreach: location rotating mobile brigades and fixed-point mobile brigades (1 month same location supported by CHWs visiting homes)				
WHO Service provider	Cadre	Nurse	Nurse	Nurse, CHW	Nurses , CHW		
	Self- administered	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	



Self-injectable DMPA-SC implementation

- 2015: Introduction into Mozambique by MoH/UNFPA
 - Initially only assisted by nurses (in health facility) and CHWs (in community)
- 2023: Endorsed for self-injection
- 2023: Piloted in 4 provinces (2 districts each province)
- February 2024: Expansion to cover all districts by end June 2025
- 2023 DMPA-SC units dispensed: 2,117,048



Flexibilities enabled for integrated ART & PrEP 6MMD demonstration projects



WHEN Service frequency All contraception methods assessed 3-months after initiation

No longer require FP assessment at every contraception dispense

WHEN Service frequency

Separate clinical review and fast track refill collection when insufficient stock to cover full 6 months for both FP and PrEP

WHERE Service location

ART/FP 6MMD: In ART service

PrEP/FP 6MMD: In FP service

WHO Service provider

ART/FP 6MMD: ART provider

PrEP/FP 6MMD: FP provider



Demonstration project 1: Integrating contraceptive care into facility-based individual ART 6MMD

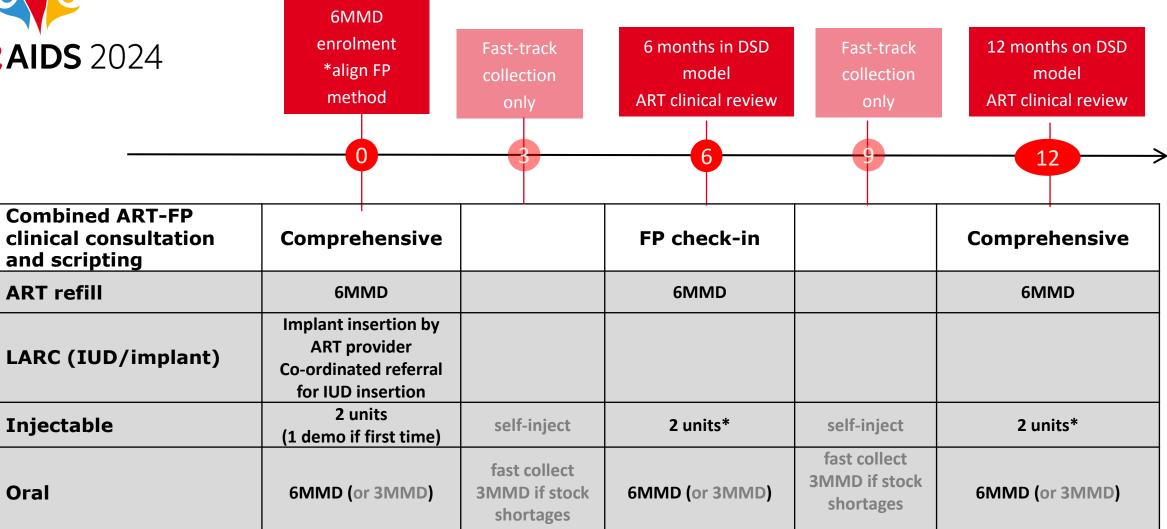
Improvement of FP assessment at HIV services

Improvement of FP/ART service delivery integration until DSD enrolment

Integration of short-acting contraceptives into 6MMD for HIV treatment

(prioritize DMPA-SC inclusion and offer)





^{*} Oral contraception likely short supply requiring fast track set-up and utilization

^{*} Can rotate IM and SC with IM administered at clinical consult and SC dispensed for self-injection 3-months later if DMPA-SC shortage/saving



Demonstration project 2: Integrating PrEP into FP services and FP into PrEP 6MMD model

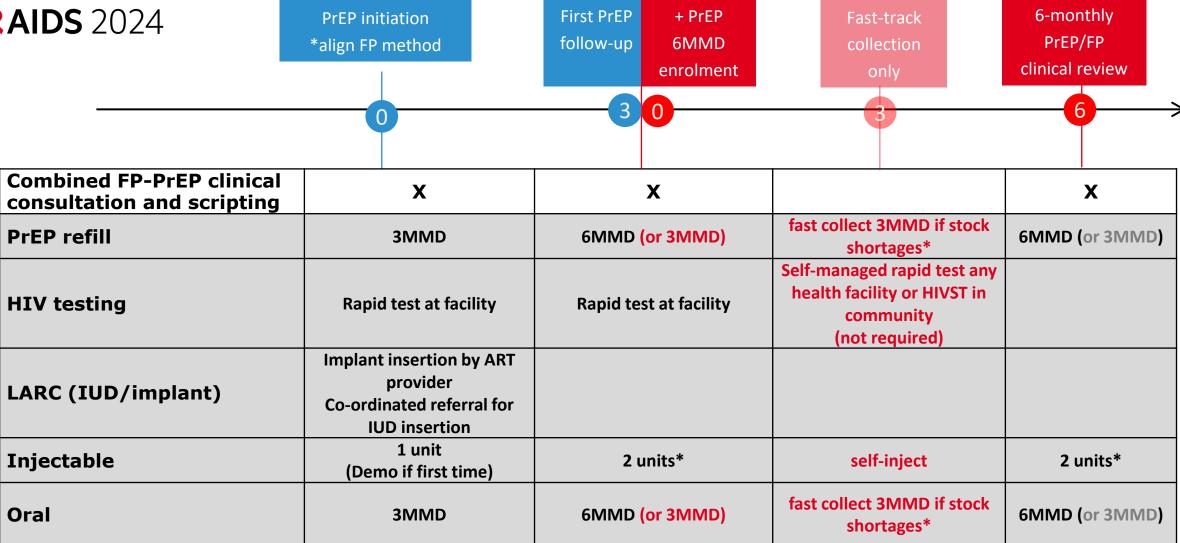
Integrate PrEP services into FP services

Improvement of FP/PrEP service delivery integration in FP services

Integration of short-acting contraceptives into PrEP 6MMD in FP services

(prioritize DMPA-SC inclusion and offer)





^{*} Oral contraception pills likely short supply requiring fast track set-up and utilization

^{*} Can rotate IM and SC with IM administered at clinical consult and SC dispensed for self-injection 3-months later if DMPA-SC shortage/saving



Overview of operational implementation plan

Q2 2024

Operational plan developed and agreed Operational research component finalized and ethics submission

Q3 2024

Initiation of demonstration projects in 2 health facilities in Sofala Province

Approval from MoH (Public Health Directorate)



Pilot reporting/quideline alignment phase

December 2025



What Mozambique hopes to learn, better understand and share



Feasibility and cost-effectiveness of integrating FP into ART 6MMD facility-based DSD model



Feasibility and cost-effectiveness of integrating PrEP and PrEP 6MMD into FP services



How best to simplify integrated care for the provider (barriers and facilitators)



To learn if the ART and PrEP ROC are more satisfied with integration of the services and if responded to their needs



DSD potential within FP services



Acknowledgements











Efficiencies for Clinical HIV Outcomes (ECHO)